RUNNING EFFECTIVE PRE-START MEETINGS







AGENDA

- 1 INTENT VS REALITY
- 2 PLANNING
- 3 ENGAGING YOUR AUDIENCE
- 4 CREATIVE EXAMPLES



1. Intent vs Reality

THE GOALS OF A PRE-START MEETING

- √ To influence ATTITUDES
- ✓ To get crew FOCUSED & MOTIVATED
- ✓ To set clear DIRECTION
- ✓ FEEDBACK and continuous improvement
- **✓ SAFETY**
- ✓ **INTERFACE** between crew and leaders



- ✓ Motivated for work
- √ Focused on tasks
- ✓ Risk aware
- Communicating effectively

Safe productive work

✓ I know what is going on

✓ I know what is expected of me

√ I'm switched on to work

Attition (thinking & feeling) Series Printer.



Let's take a quick poll...

DID YOU KNOW?

51% of employees describe their team safety meetings as a poor to average experience.*

*Based on a survey of 11,985 respondents across 7 industries



WHY DO THEY OFTEN FALL SHORT?



Presenteeism



Passive audience



Not an engaging experience



Complacency and/or Performance Drift

WHAT DOES GOOD LOOK LIKE?

- Structured effectively
- Relevant
- Concise
- Integrated information

- Cross-team & Site-wide context
- Delivered effectively
- Responsive & Flexible
- Safe operation focused

2. Planning



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PLANNING TIPS



SHORT & SIMPLE

We can only process a small amount of information at any one time.



RELEVANT & MUST KNOW

Stick to the information relevant for your team and key business messages to be shared.



WRITE OUT KEY POINTS

Provide a written summary of key points on days when there is a lot of information to cover.



LINK, REINFORCE & REPEAT

Find ways to link to your team values, reinforce key messages and repeat messages to lock them in.

3. Engaging Your Audience

- 1. Non-verbal considerations
- 2. Active listening
- 3. Effective questions
- 4. Influencing participation
- 5. Managing challenges



BRAIN FACT:

Much like a torch beam, our brain can only truly focus on **ONE** task at a time. As a consequence, we are easily distracted.

MANAGING DISTRACTIONS



VISUAL & AUDITORY DISTRACTIONS

- Consider location.
- Minimise foot traffic.
- If noise is unavoidable, keep meeting short and focus on the key information only.



INTERNAL DISTRACTIONS

- Acknowledge the things that may be on our mind.
- Reflect on what's in our control.
- Bring the group back to: 'What's Important Now?'





BRAIN FACT:

Our brain filters information according to the DIPI criteria: DANGEROUS; IMPORTANT; PLEASURABLE; or INTERESTING



MANAGING DISTRACTIONS



BE GENUINE

- Know your content.
- Own what you DON'T know.
- Believe in your message.
- Try not to read from a sheet of information; maintain eye contact.



HUMOUR & STORIES

 Engage the emotional brain through interesting stories that link to the point you are trying to make.



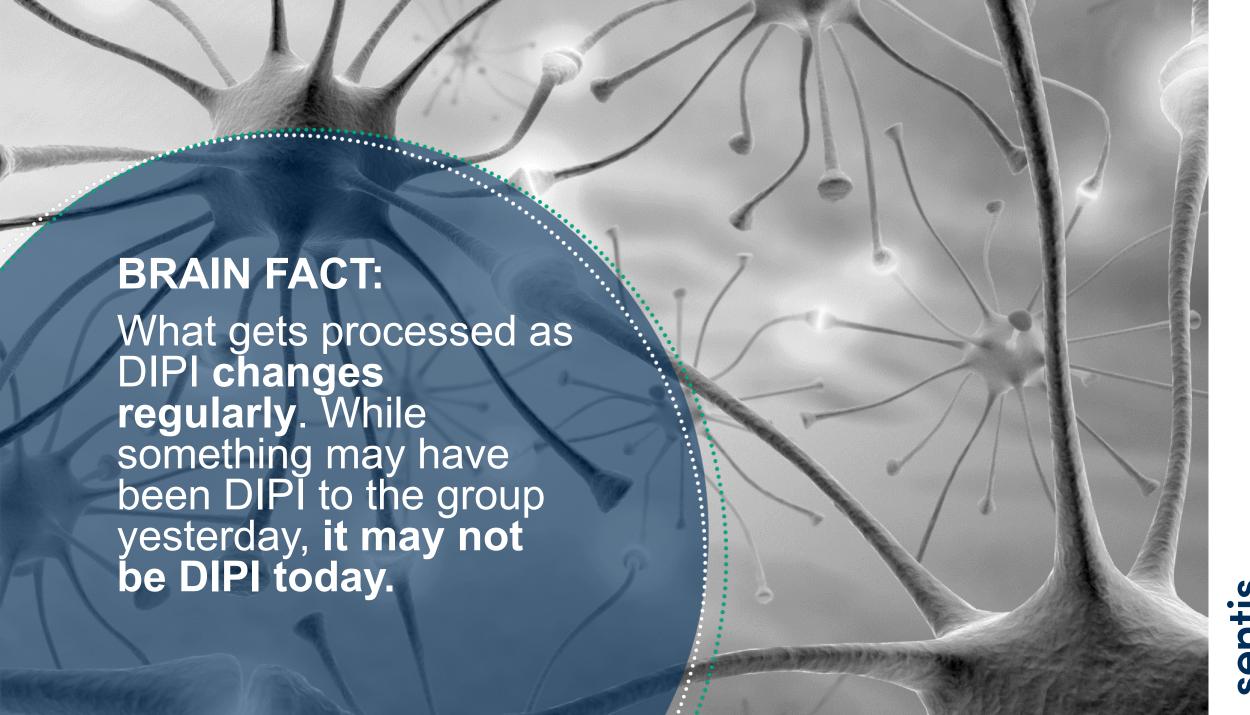
GET THE CREW INVOLVED

- Ask questions.
- Get team
 members
 involved in
 delivering the
 material.



TOKENS

- Encourage and acknowledge input from crews.
- Give feedback and recognition.



- 1. Keep up with current affairs and news events that you could link to
- 2. Look at what other industries are doing and take learning from them
- 3. Bring a topic back to a personal example and the impact it has had on you
- 4. Think of safety 'wins' versus 'fails'
- 5. Share an interesting statistic or recent research finding







What things could derail a pre-start?

DEALING WITH OFF-TOPIC RESPONSES OR COMMENTS



KEEP THINGS ON TRACK

When the group begins to talk about issues not relevant to the discussion, you might take advantage of a pause and say, "Let's finish this conversation at another time, so we can focus here on what we need to do."



PARKING LOT

A 'Parking Lot' is an area where topics can be temporarily parked and listed for follow-up at another time. Listing items on a notebook (or flip chart/whiteboard if available) helps you remember them for later.



THE QUIET GROUP



TOKENS

Always acknowledge and thank the crew for any response, by saying something like "Thank you", "Great idea", "Yes", or "Good question."



MINIMISE BLUNT CORRECTIONS

When a crew member gets an answer incorrect, it is important to acknowledge their response and rephrase the question, or ask the group for their input.



THE 8-10 SECOND RULE

Sit with the uncomfortable silence for 8-10seconds. People will want to fill the space by saying something. So make sure you are giving your audience plenty of time to respond.

DOMINATING OR DERAILING BEHAVIOUR



TOKENS

Wait for a pause in their speaking, respectfully acknowledge their contribution, and thank them. For example, "I really appreciate your comments. Let's hear some other perspectives."



EXPAND THE FOCUS

Make direct eye contact with other members of the audience and say something like, "I'm very interested in hearing what other people think about this", or "It's very interesting to get a variety of perspectives, and I would like to hear from other people as well."



PARKING LOT

As before.

4. Creative Examples

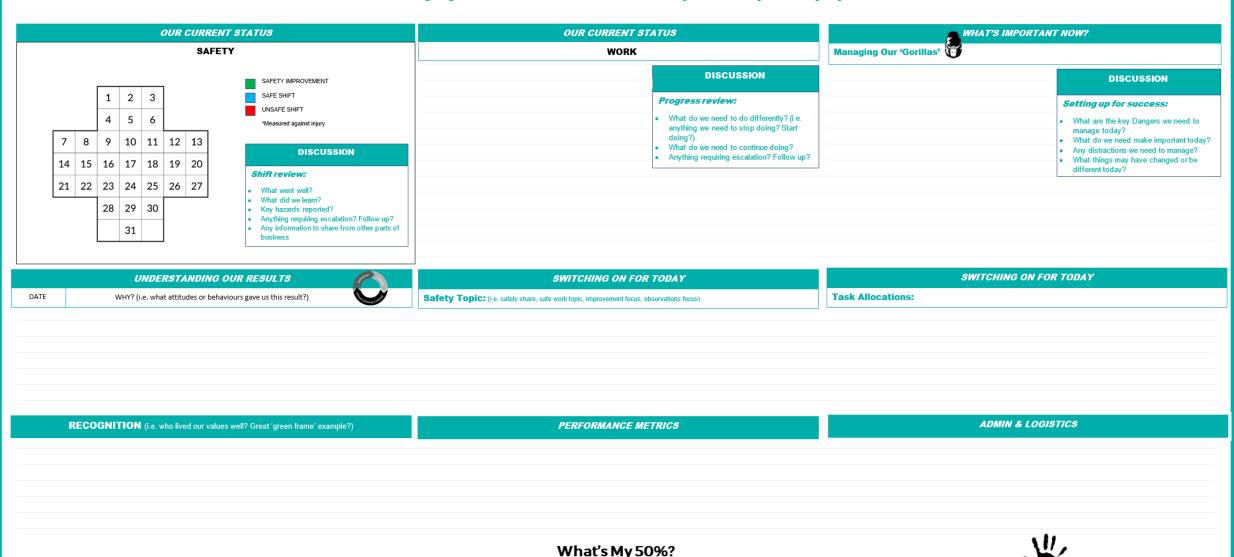


What creative examples have you seen?

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SHIFT DEPLOYMENT BOARD

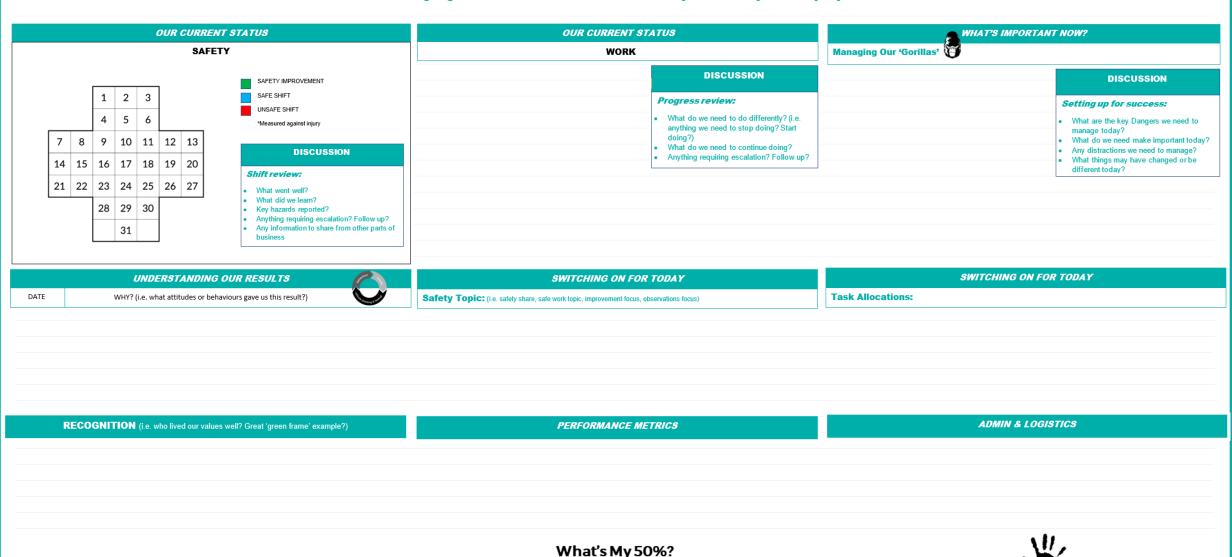
Working together to focus on better and safer ways to do our jobs everyday



To stay safe for our PB5 we need to work together, look out for one another and speak up about our concerns and improvement ideas

SHIFT DEPLOYMENT BOARD

Working together to focus on better and safer ways to do our jobs everyday



To stay safe for our PB5 we need to work together, look out for one another and speak up about our concerns and improvement ideas

1.2m

SHIFT DEPLOYMENT BOARD

Working together to focus on better and safer ways to do our jobs everyday

	INCIDENT MANAGEMENT							
BSAFE#	DATE	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	RESPONSIBLE PERSON	INVESTIGATED?	ACTIONS ASSIGNED?	CLOSED?	

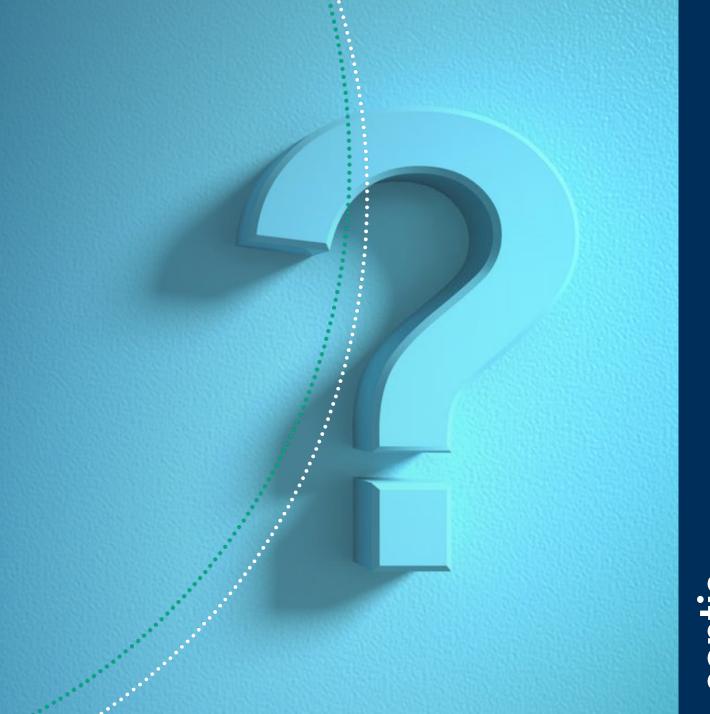
HAZARD MANAGEMENT								
		-						
BSAFE#	DATE	TYPE	HAZARD IDENTIFIED	ACTION	RESPONSIBLE PERSON	ACTIONED?		

OUR FOCUS & ACTIONS									
WHAT DO WE WANT TO ACHIEVE/FOCUS ON?	BY WHO?	BY WHEN?	HOW WILL THIS BE ACHIEVED?	ANY RELEVANT MEASURES?	COMPLETED?	-			

- ✓ Are your pre-start briefings well structured and concise?
- ✓ Do your workers find them relevant and useful?
- ✓ Is there enough emphasis on ensuring adequate planning prior to the briefings and prior starting work?
- ✓ Are you encouraging two-way communication during the pre-start briefings?
- ✓ Do you use pre-starts as an opportunity to discuss improvements, lessons learned and to close out items raised in previous meetings?
- ✓ Are your pre-starts engaging enough to make safety discussions relevant and interesting?
- ✓ Do you use pre-starts as an opportunity to recognise the attitudes and behaviours you want to see, and that help drive your overall safety vision?

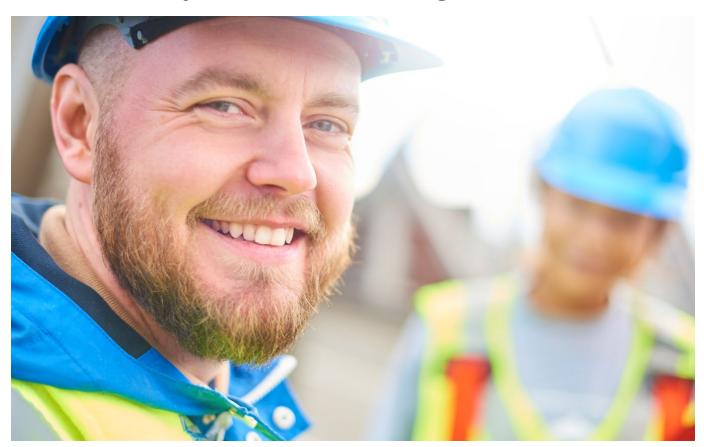


Q&A
Over to you



DISCOVER MORE

Prestarts and toolbox talks Start every shift on the right foot.



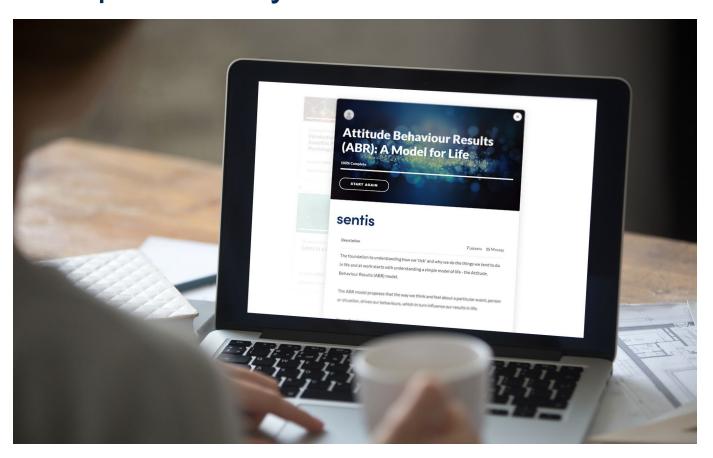
Would you like more information on Sentis' Pre-Shift Process and targeted, skills-based training programs for frontline leaders?



Express your interest

WEBINAR OFFER

ZIP Essentials: The Psychology of SafetyComplementary Trial



Access the first three modules of **ZIP Essentials: The Psychology of Safety** free of charge for 30 days*

- Introduction to ZIP Essentials
- 2. Understanding Safety Citizenship
- 3. Attitudes Behaviour Results (ABR): A Model for Life



Get in touch

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