

Key Levers to Enable a Positive Safety Experience

**POSITIVE SAFETY SERIES** 





#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF COUNTRY

Sentis acknowledges the traditional custodians throughout Australia and recognises their connections to land, waters and community.

We acknowledge the Traditional Owners of the land on which we meet today and pay our respects to elders past and present. We extend that respect to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples here today. We do this because we value Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander history, culture and knowledge.

## Our Mission

To change the lives of individuals and organisations for the better, every day.



# A Paradigm Shift in Psychology

- Historically, psychology was born from a disease model
- Focused on mental illness, disease and dysfunction
- The aim was to restore individuals to a baseline of normal functioning
- It predominantly focused on the negatives of the human psyche – what goes wrong rather than what goes right



## A Paradigm Shift in Psychology

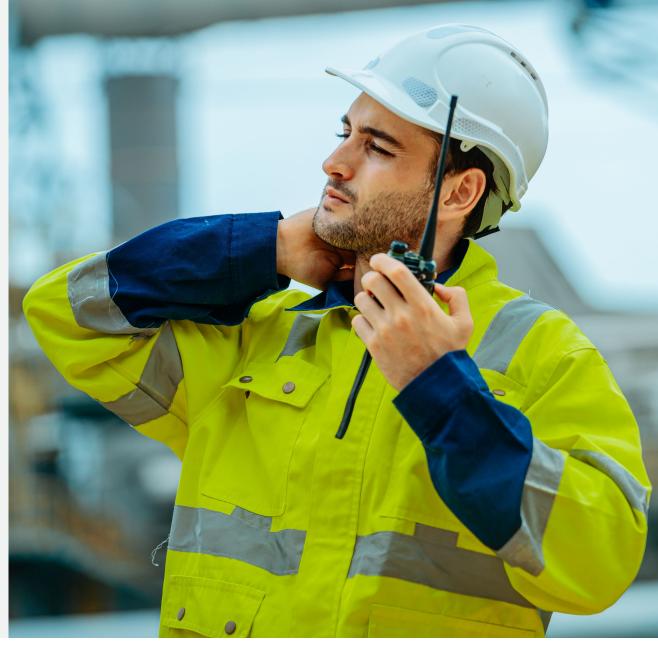


- A shift toward positive psychology began in the late 20<sup>th</sup> century
- It sought to expand the focus to understanding what makes life worth living
- It studied the conditions that contribute to human flourishing, resilience, happiness and optimal functioning
- It went beyond treating illness to using strengths and factors that enable individuals and communities to thrive

## The Evolution of Safety

#### **Traditional Safety**

- Largely reactive
- Centred on compliance
- Focused on eliminating negatives, such as incidents, injuries and violations
- Aimed to control and minimize risks through command-and-control approach
- Human error was seen as a key cause of failures
- Primary goal was an absence of harm measured by lag indicators



## The Evolution of Safety

#### **Positive Safety**

- Moves beyond preventing harm to creating environments where safety is an integral part of the organisational culture
- Emphasises understanding safety as a holistic experience physical, social & psychological
- Focuses on the presence of safety rather than just the absence of incidents
- Invests in building a culture that drives
   autonomous motivation in which people are
   motivated to contribute to safety out of genuine
   care rather than mere compliance



## What is Positive Safety?

Positive safety is a proactive, holistic approach that focuses on creating and sustaining a culture where safety is experienced as a positive physical, social, and psychological state, driving autonomous motivation and discretionary effort beyond mere compliance.

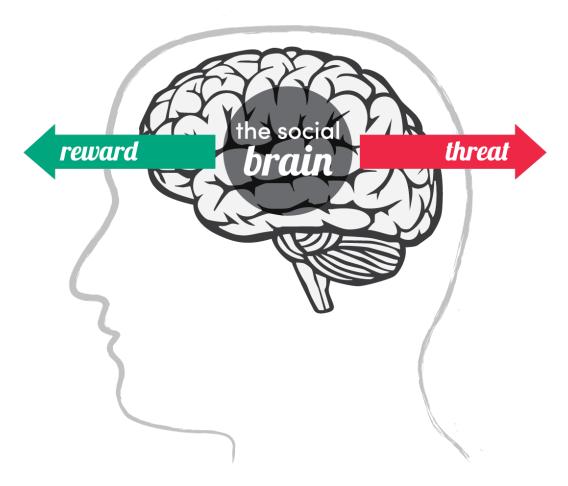




### Understanding the Brain and Unconscious Bias

Negativity bias leads us to focus more on negative events, behaviours or outcomes than positive ones.

The fundamental attribution error occurs when people attribute others' actions to their character or personality rather than to external factors.



## The Biggest Opportunities

Top five opportunity areas identified across sites operating at *Counterproductive* and *Public Compliance* levels of safety culture maturity.

Safety Culture Dimension	Opportunity Frequency (% of Sites)
Quality of safety procedures*	56%
Management safety commitment*	51%
Internal context*	48%
Willingness to report incidents and errors	40%
Employee safety performance*	37%

<sup>\*</sup>Denotes dimensions that have a strong correlation with safety culture maturity (Pearson Correlation ≥0.70)



### Safety Motivation

No Motivation for Safety

External Pressures for Safety Internal Pressures for Safety

Belief in Safety Personal Identification with Safety

Intrinsic motivation for Safety

Controlled 'I have to' Safety Motivation

Autonomous 'I want to' Safety Motivation

Compliance

Compliance + discretionary effort



#### Attitudes – Behaviours - Results

Limitations of focusing exclusively on Behaviours and Results:

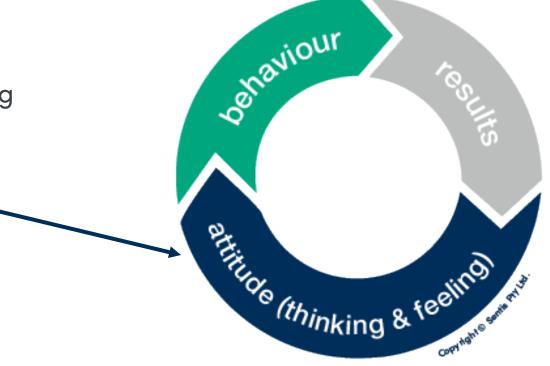
- Superficial compliance
- Lack of engagement
- Resistance and blame culture



# Influencing Attitudes

Importance of focusing on safety attitudes:

- Autonomous motivation
- Ownership and responsibility-taking
- Resilient safety culture



## Lessons From Sites Doing Well

Top five strength areas identified across sites operating at *Private Compliance* and *Mateship* levels of safety culture maturity.

Safety Culture Dimension	Strength Frequency (% of Sites)
Safety mission and vision*	60%
Management safety commitment*	60%
Within-team safety communication	50%
Safety responsibility*	50%
Team support for safety	40%

<sup>\*</sup>Denotes dimensions that have a strong correlation with safety culture maturity (Pearson Correlation ≥0.70)



# 8 Principles of Positive Safety



Lead with a Vision



Make Data Based Decisions



Build a Strong Foundation



**Actively Care** 



Be Curious



Keep it Simple



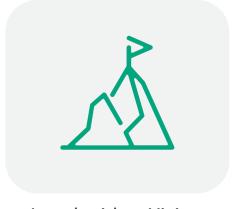
Hunt the good stuff



Make an Impact



# Foundations for Safety Transformation



Lead with a Vision



Make Data Based Decisions



Build a Strong Foundation



# **Client Maturity Results**

The company doesn't care much about me or my safety, so I don't care about much besides looking out for myself. Most of the time, safety procedures are a burden to getting the job done. But, I need to make sure I'm following them when management is looking.

Safety rules and procedures are there to protect me. It is my responsibility to follow them so I can stay safe for the things that matter.

In part, my safety depends on my teammates. To stay safe as a team, we need to work together and look out for one another. The company's safety is a core part of everyone's job and a shared responsibility. We strive to improve ourselves and learn from our mistakes.

COUNTER PRODUCTIVITY

PUBLIC COMPLIANCE PRIVATE COMPLIANCE **MATESHIP** 

CITIZENSHIP



2019							
Factor	Dimension	Not enough evidence	Counter- productive	Public Compliance	Privat e Compliance	Mateship	Citizenship
Environment	Equipment, Tools, and Machinery						
	External Context						
	Hazard Awareness and Control						
	Internal Context						
Practices	Contractor Management						
	Emergency Readiness						
	Employee Safety Performance						
	Health and Wellbeing						
	Maintenance						
	Organisational Learning and Improvement						
	Quality of Safety Procedures						
	Safety Mission and Vision						
	Safety Training and Development						
	Work Planning						
Person	Between-Team Safety Communication						
	Safety Responsibility						
	Team Support for Safety						
	Willingness to Report Incidents and Errors						
	Within-Team Safety Communication						
Leadership	Downwards Safety Communication						
	Management Safety Commitment						
	Safety Input						
	Supervisor Safety Commitment						

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2022							
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## Maturity Results 2022

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#### Data Summary

# Incident Analytics

#### What was analysed:

- 685 incidents and near miss events Jan 2020 to early Mar 2022 were reviewed for risk potential.
- 114 incidents (16.5%) were considered potential Serious Injury & Fatality (SIF) events and were then subject to detailed analysis.
- 1000+ hazards were explored for weak signals to eventual incidents.
- 50% of SIF incidents involved Motor Vehicle usage.



#### What we learnt:

- 1.0% reduction in work hours year on year
- 7.5% reduction in recordable incidents (UW 'vehicle incident' and 'injury' event categories) year on year
- 7% increase in near misses reported year on year (note 32% of SIF incidents were categorised as 'near miss')
- 34.2% reduction in SIF Incident Exposure year on year
- There has been a reasonably steady average of 40 hazards reported per month (with an uplift in 3<sup>rd</sup> quarters of both of last two years).





# What Does it Look Like to Bring This to Life?

#### Lead with a Vision

Do we have a clear safety vision?

How does the vision inform our decision-making and cascade down to policy and procedures?

Are the attitudes and behaviours of our leaders, and the policies and procedures of our organisation, congruent with our vision?

#### Make Data-Based Decisions

Does the data we track match our strategic objectives?

What is the behavioural impact of the data we track and communicate to the organisation? Does it support a culture of learning and improvement?

How can we use data to understand attitudes and drive a positive safety culture?

#### **Build a Strong Foundation**

Do we have the safety systems, equipment and resourcing required to manage our critical risks and drive a positive safety culture?

Do our leaders have the skills, capability and capacity to engage and motivate a positive safety mindset?



#### **DISCOVER MORE**

### The Learning Doesn't Stop Here

1 2 3

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# **Leading Positive Safety**

By Dr. Vanessa Cook and Anthony Gibbs

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